



The new Audi A4 '05

Self-Study Programme 343

The new Audi A4 '05

Audi introduces a new model generation that is obvious at first glance.

The front-end styling of both saloon and Avant models is new, with the addition of the characteristic Audi single-frame grille.

The rear end, with its distinct horizontal lines, and the sides, where the shoulder line lends the body a distinctly sporty look, are also new.

Driving pleasure, superior technology, exciting styling and a level of luxury that even satisfies the demands made of the luxury car class.

The architecture of the driver's area, especially the cockpit – a perfect synthesis of ergonomics, function and design – is pioneering.



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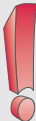
Contents

Introduction	4
The body.	6
Occupant protection	8
Diagnosis	10
The engine	12
The chassis	18
The heating / air conditioning system	24
The convenience electronics	26

The purpose of the Self-Study Programme is to provide a basic knowledge of the design and function of new models, new automotive components or new technologies.

The Self-Study Programme is not a Repair Manual!
All values given are intended as a guideline only, and refer to the software version valid at the time of publication of the SSP.

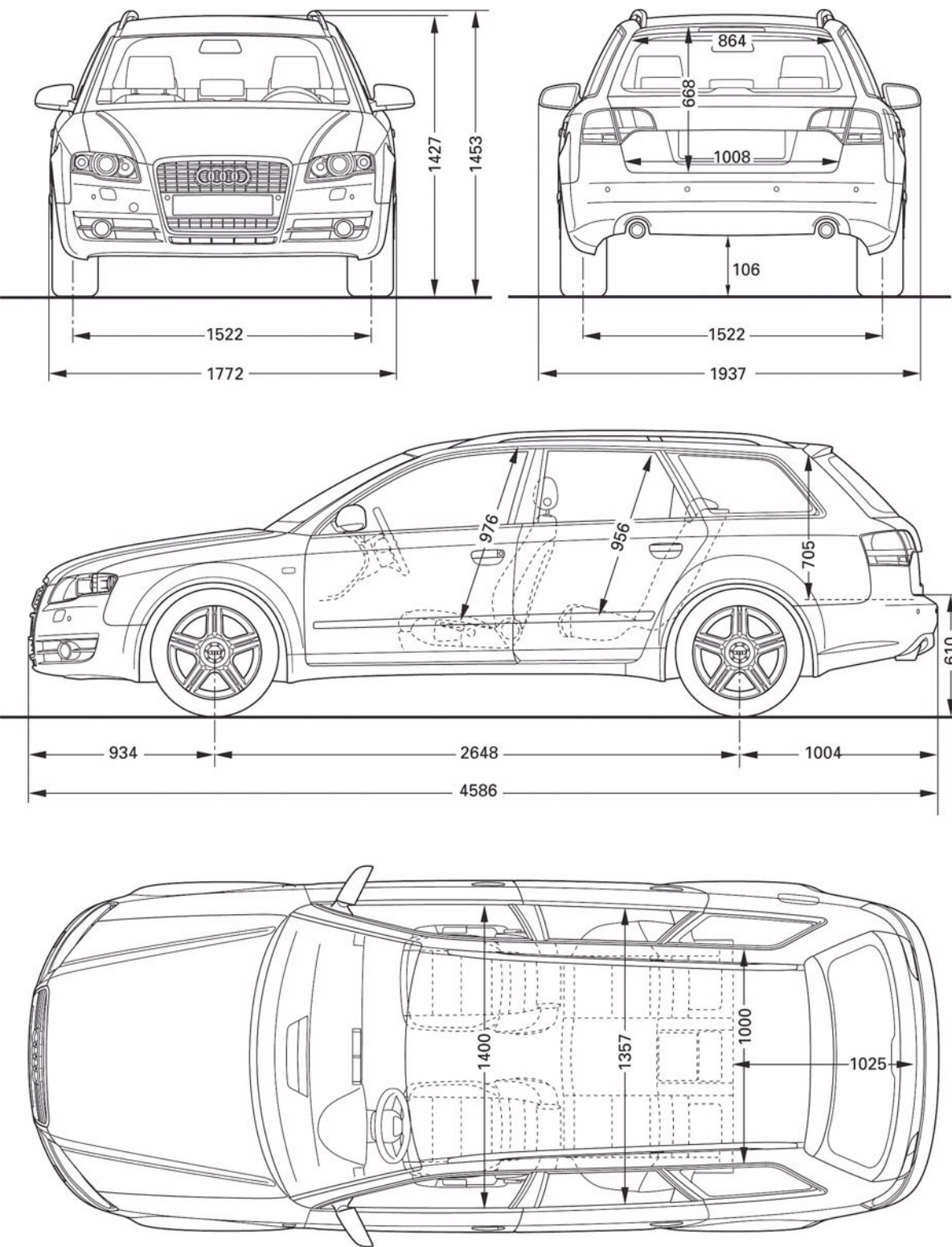
For maintenance and repair work, always refer to the current technical literature.

Reference	Note
	

Introduction

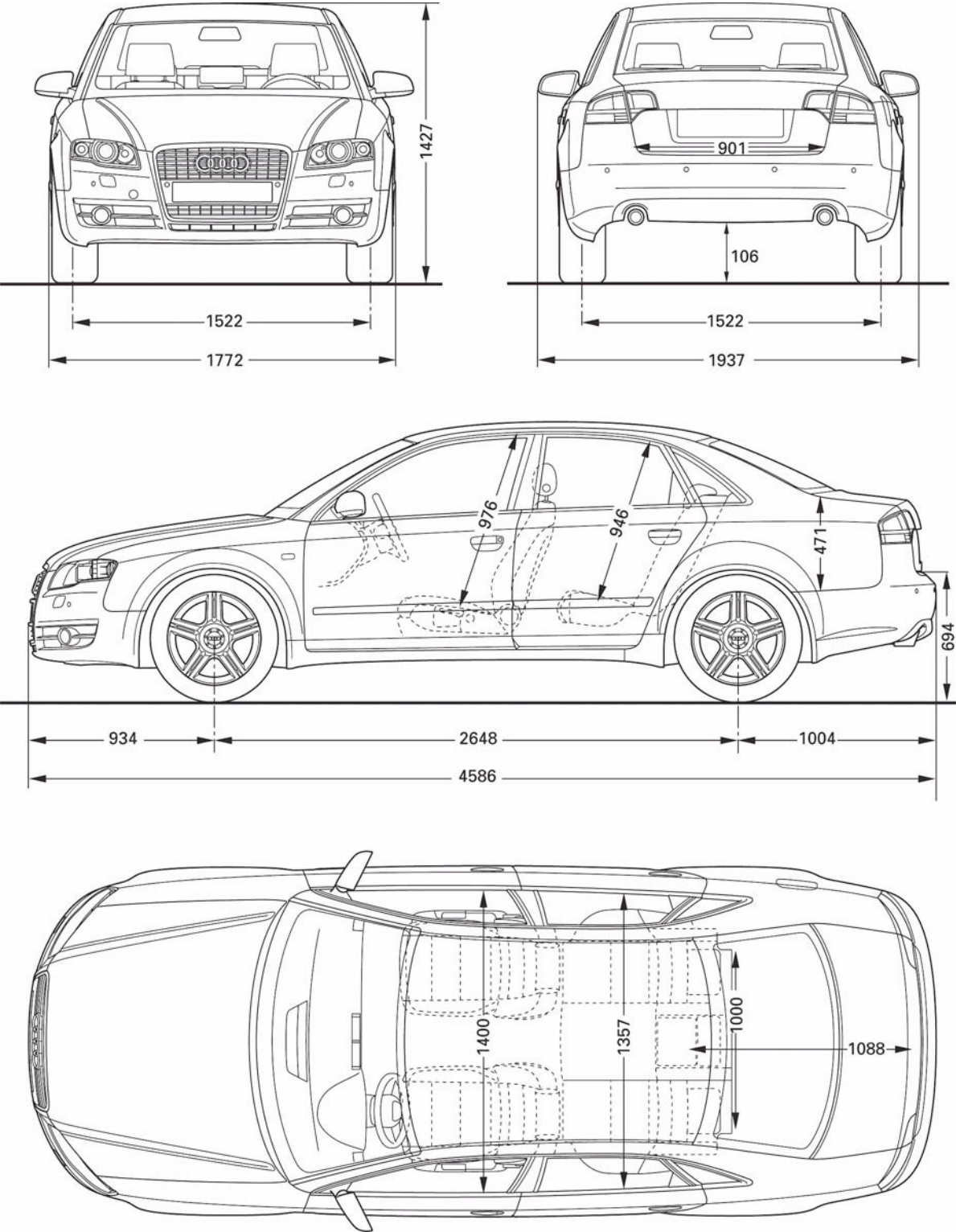
Overview

Dimensions of the Audi A4 '05 Avant.



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Dimensions of the Audi A4 '05 saloon.



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The body

Overview of the body

One of the key factors contributing to the vehicle's lower kerb weight was the use of high-strength body panels, which account in total for 45% of the bodyshell weight. These special panels are used especially at the body front end, where they are intended to absorb as effectively as possible the impact energy in the event of a head-on collision.

In the floorpan area, the occupant cell is protected by three large tailored blanks in varying wall thickness. In the occupant cell area, tailored blanks are connected sturdily and homogeneously to the front and rear ends of the vehicle by a branched support system.

At the rear end of the vehicle, the side members are made from tailored blanks with different materials and wall thickness.

Note



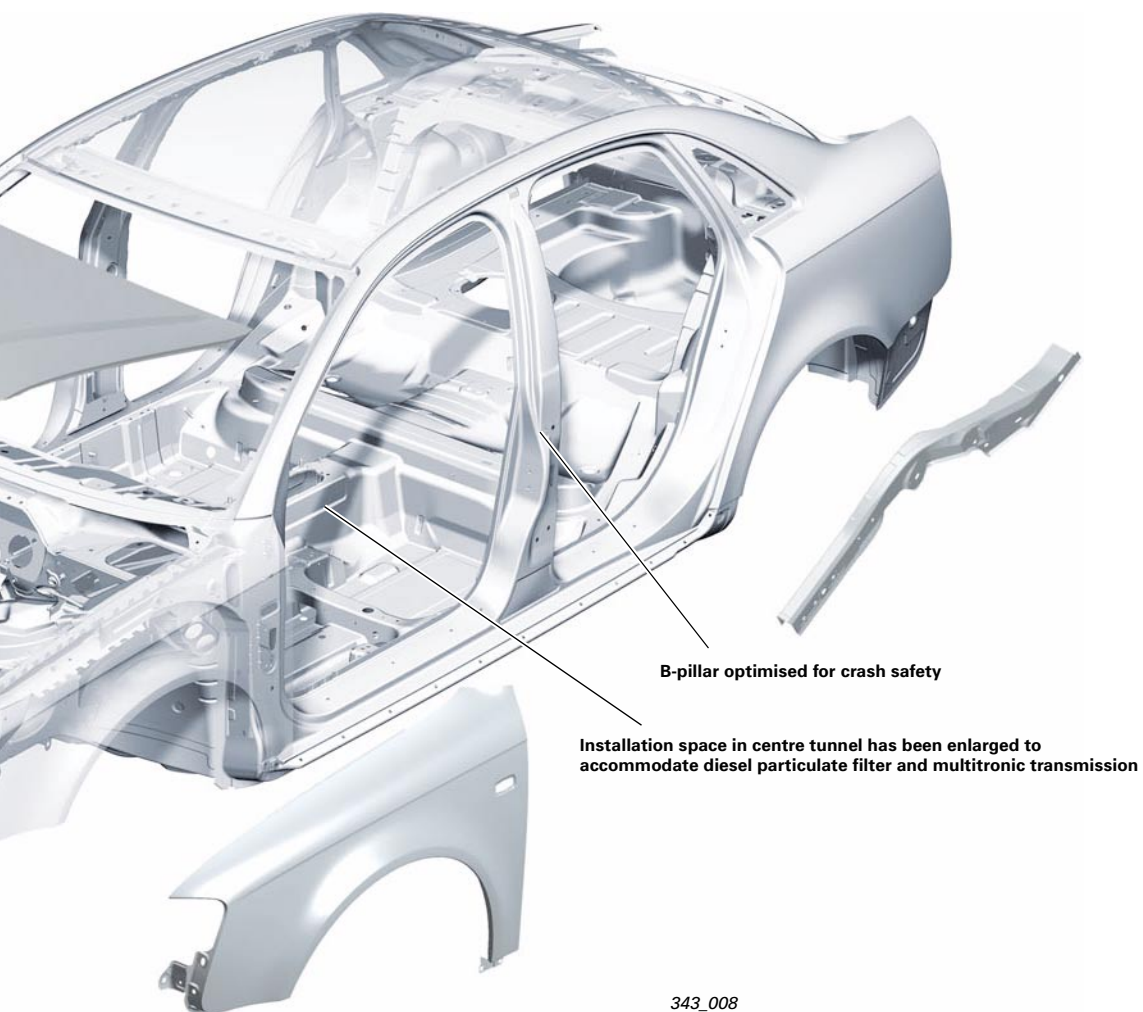
The repair concept is identical to that of the Audi A4 '04 (B6).

Front end adapted to singleframe radiator grille



Optimised body

- New exterior design
- Installation space for diesel particulate filter
- Compliance with applicable vehicle safety requirements



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Occupant protection

Safety system

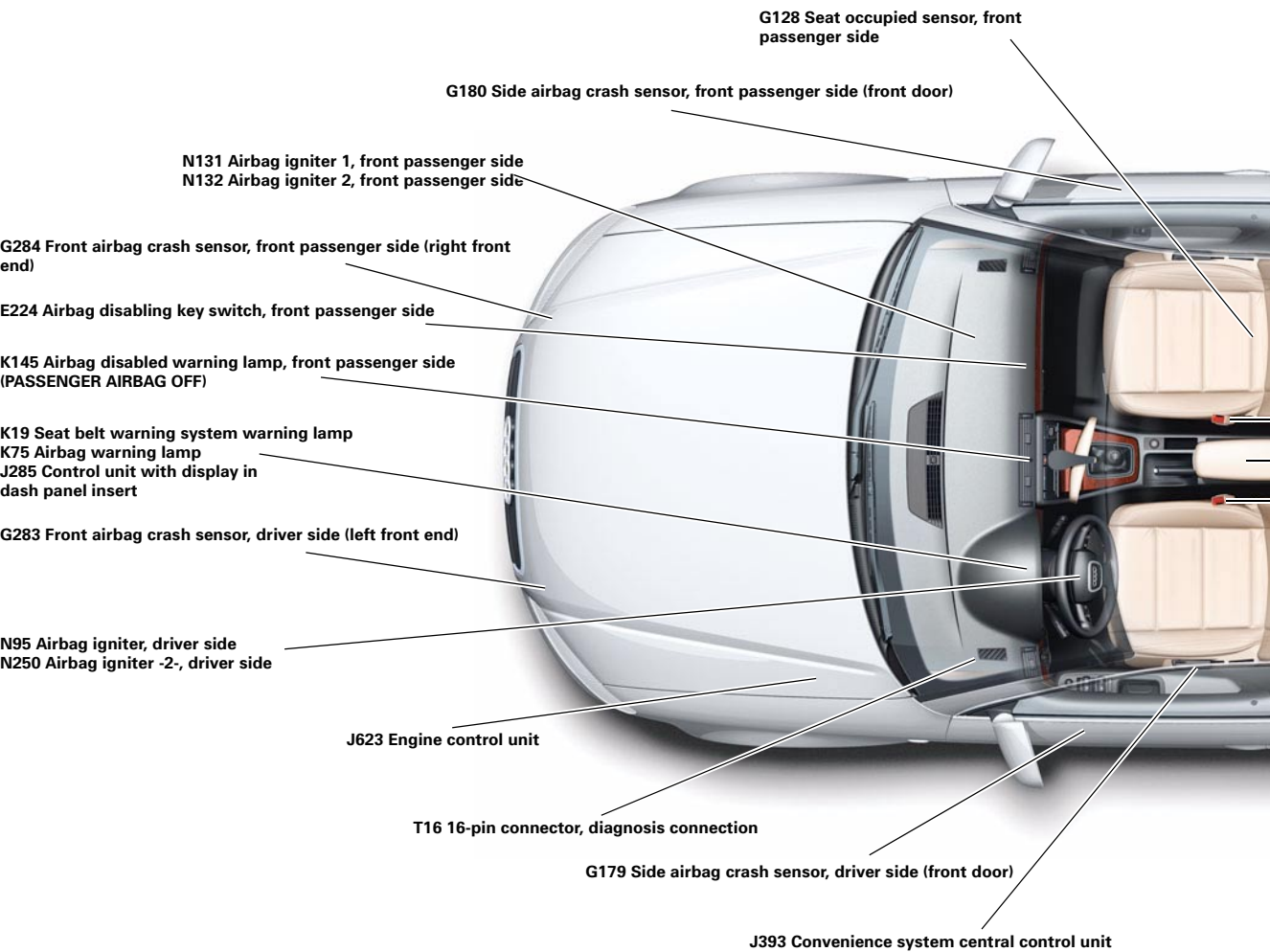
The development objective for the safety system in the Audi A4 '05 was clearly defined: The system must comply with all legislation now in effect and pass all current consumer tests, not to mention meeting Audi's stringent in-house requirements.

The safety system in the Audi A4 '05 is based on the systems in the Audi A3 Sportback and Audi A6 '05. The complete system, as well as the adopted components, were adapted to suit the Audi A4 '05.

Reference



For further information about the safety system, refer to Self-Study Programmes
SSP 323 Audi A6 '05 and
SSP 332 Audi A3 Sportback.

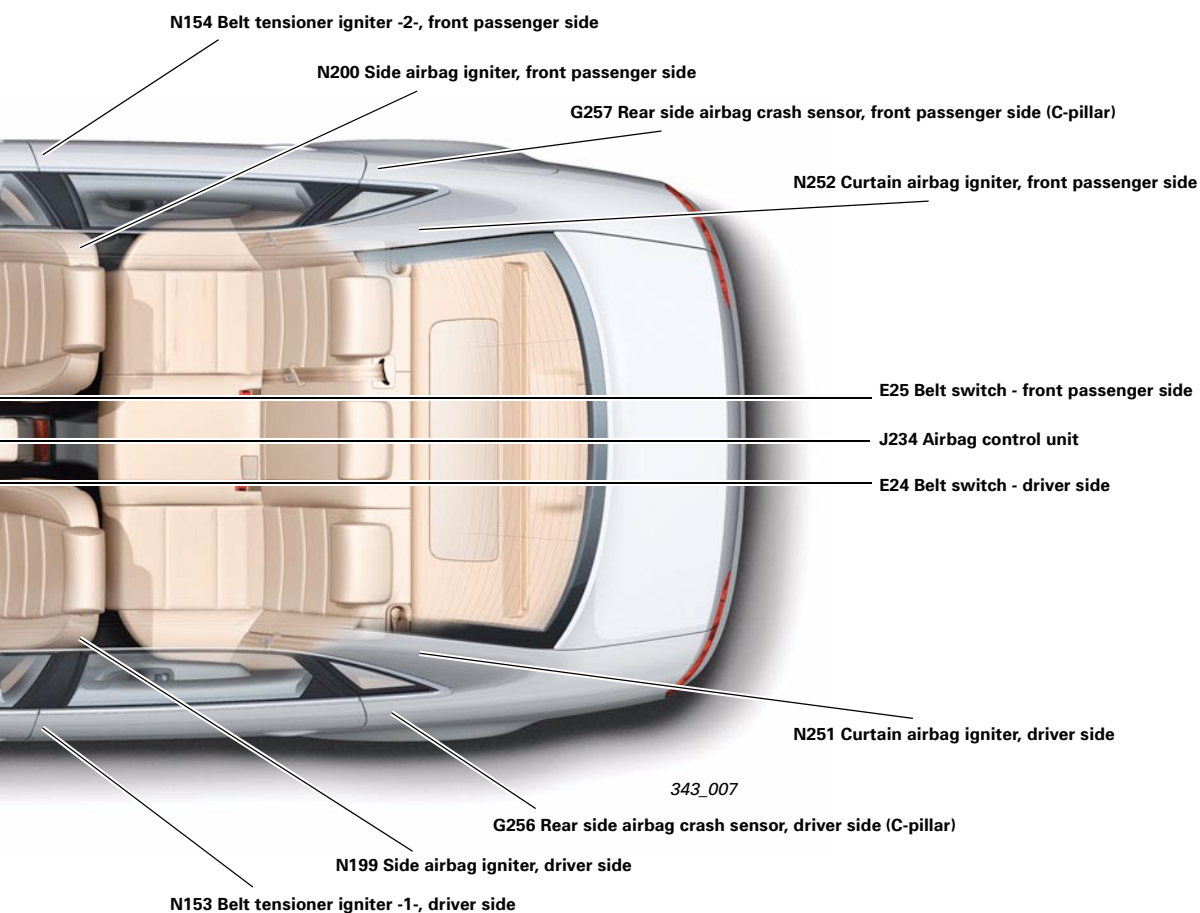


The safety system in the Audi A4 '05 consists of the following components and functions:

- Airbag control unit
- Driver and front passenger airbags, two-stage
- Front side airbags
- Sideguards (head airbags)
- Side impact detection sensors on the C-pillar
- Side impact detection sensors in the front doors (pressure sensors)
- Crash sensors for intelligent head-on collision detection, so-called upfront sensors
- Front belt tensioners
- Seat belt reminders for driver and front passenger
- Switches in the front seat-belt buckles
- Seat occupied sensor, front passenger seat
- Active head restraints in the front seats
- Rear collision detection

Rear side airbags and deactivation of the front passenger front airbag by keyswitch with associated warning lamp are available as optional extras.

In some countries, such as the North American market, deviating specifications may apply due to different country-specific requirements.



K-wire switch VAS 6017 B

Like in the Audi A4 '01, K-wire switch is also required in the Audi A4 '05 for communication between the individual vehicle systems and the VAS testers. Since the new control units are diagnosable via CAN only, the new K-wire switch VAS 6017 B must be used. K-wire switch VAS 6017 B replaces switch VAS 6017 A.

Communication

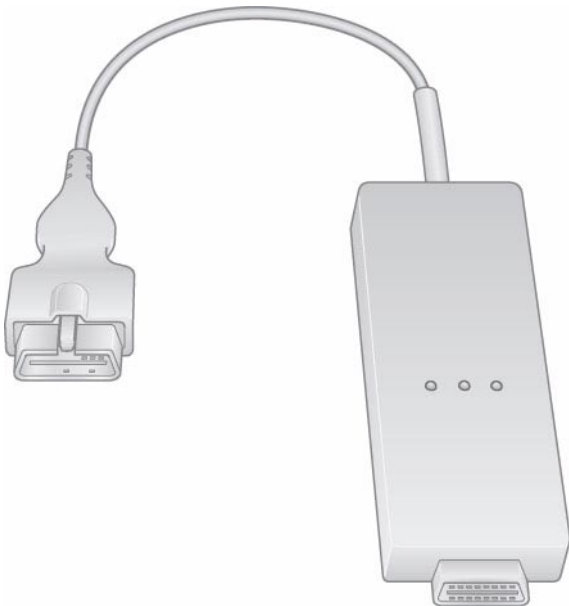
If communication is to be established between a control unit and a VAS tester, the tester sends the appropriate address word via the diagnosis CAN data bus.

The K-wire switch VAS 6017 B does not evaluate signals on the diagnosis CAN data bus, rather it relays them directly to the vehicle.

If the tester receives no response from the control unit on the diagnosis CAN data bus, its resends the appropriate address word, this time via the K-wire. The K-wire switch receives this information and relays it to the vehicle both on the K-wire and on the L-wire.

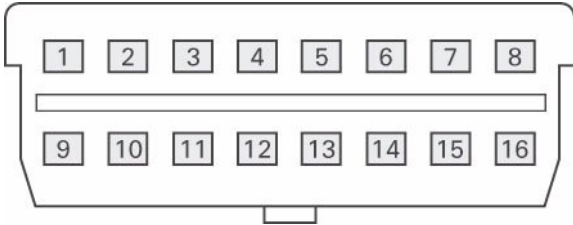
If the control unit sends its response on the L-wire, the K-wire switch detects this and establishes a direct connection between the L-wire of the vehicle and the K-wire of the tester.

As long as the tester is connected to a control unit via the L-wire, the contact to the K-wire of the vehicle is broken by the K-wire switch.

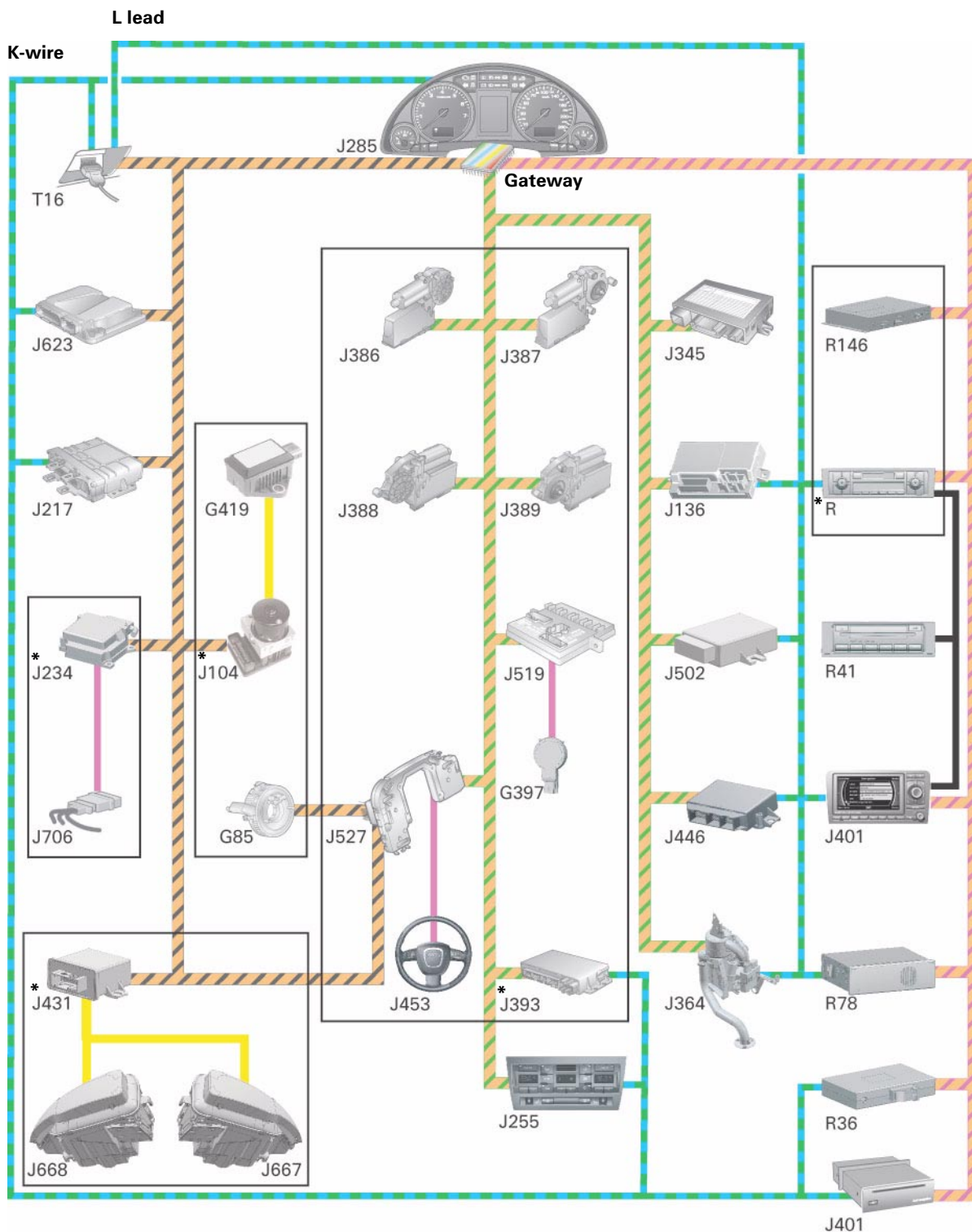


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PIN	Designation
1	Terminal 15
2	Unassigned or assigned on US spec vehicles
3	Unassigned
4	Terminal 31
5	Terminal 31
6	Data bus, diagnosis CAN bus, CAN High
7	K-wire
8	Unassigned
9	Unassigned
10	Unassigned or assigned on US spec vehicles
11	Unassigned
12	Unassigned
13	Unassigned
14	Data bus, diagnosis CAN bus, CAN High
15	L lead
16	Terminal 30



343_003

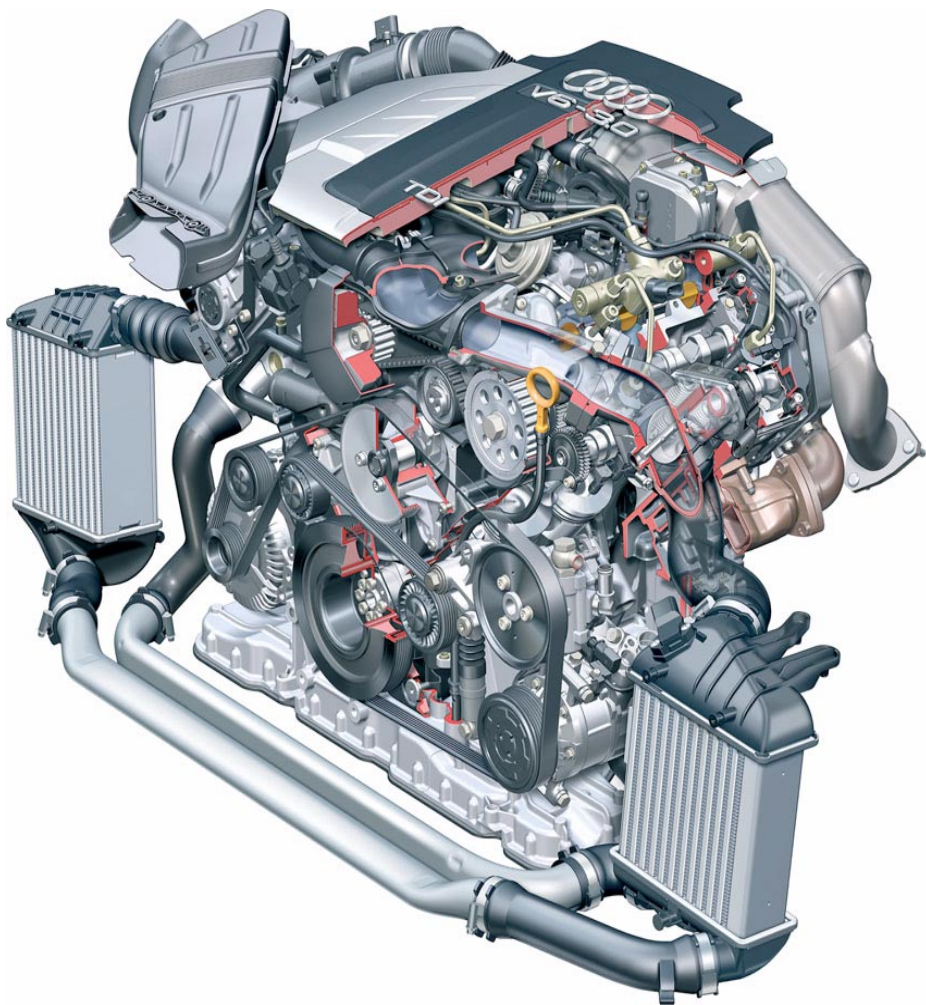


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* These control units assume the diagnosis gateway functions. They receive diagnosis data sent by the VAS testers on the diagnosis line and relay the data to the appropriate data bus. The addressed control unit evaluates this information and responds on the data bus. The control unit with diagnosis gateway function receives this data and sends it via the diagnosis line to the tester.

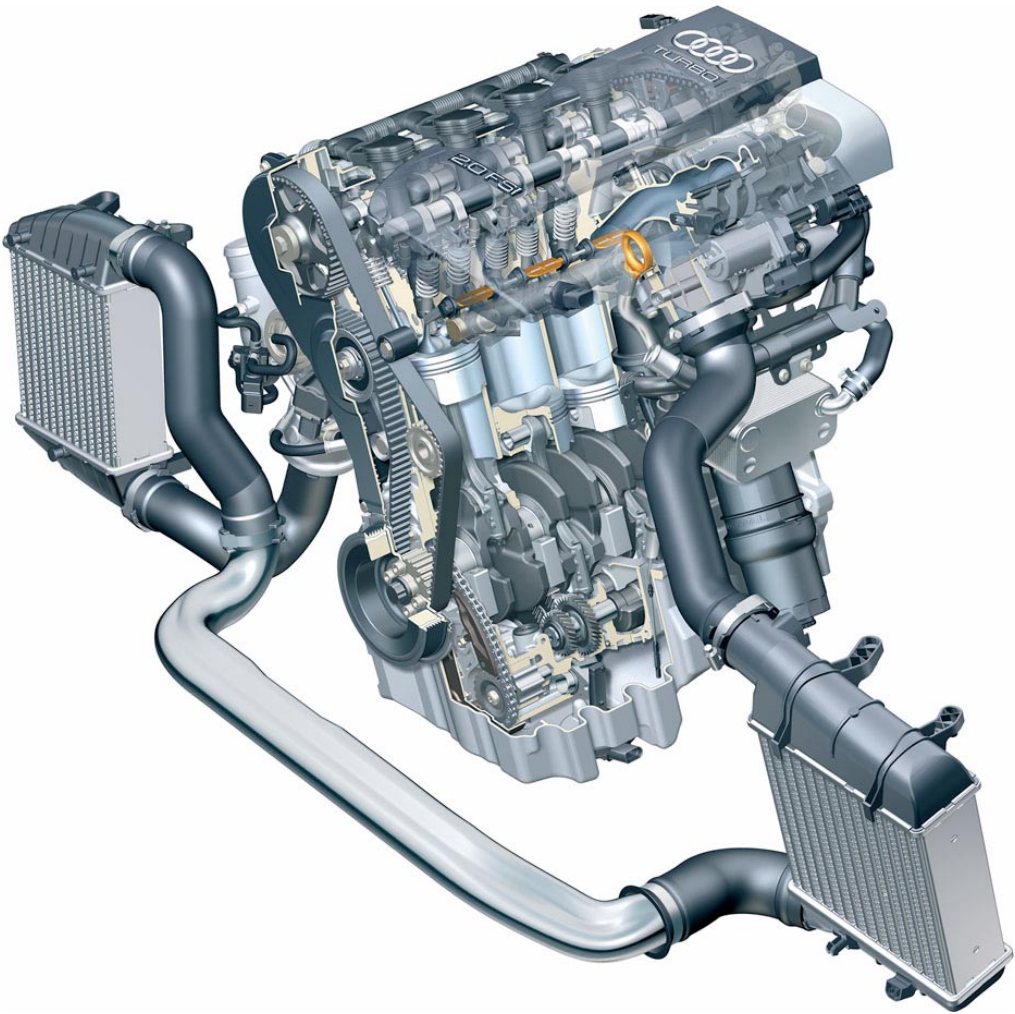
Engine

Engines in the new Audi A4 '05



343_014

Diesel engines		Power output		Torque	Engine code	Emission category
Engine		kW	bhp	Nm		
R4 1.9l 2V TDI-PD		85	115	285	BKE	EU IV
R4 2.0l 2V TDI-PD (DPF)		103	140	310	BPW	EU IV with DPF
R4 2.0l 4V TDI-PD		103	140	310	BLB	EU IV
R4 2.0l 4V TDI-PD		100	136	310	BNA	EU IV
V6 2.5l TDI-VEP		120	163	350	BDG	EU IV
V6 3.0l 4V TDI-CR		150	204	450	BKN	EU IV
V6 3.0l 4V TDI-CR (DPF)		150	204	450	BKN	EU IV with DPF



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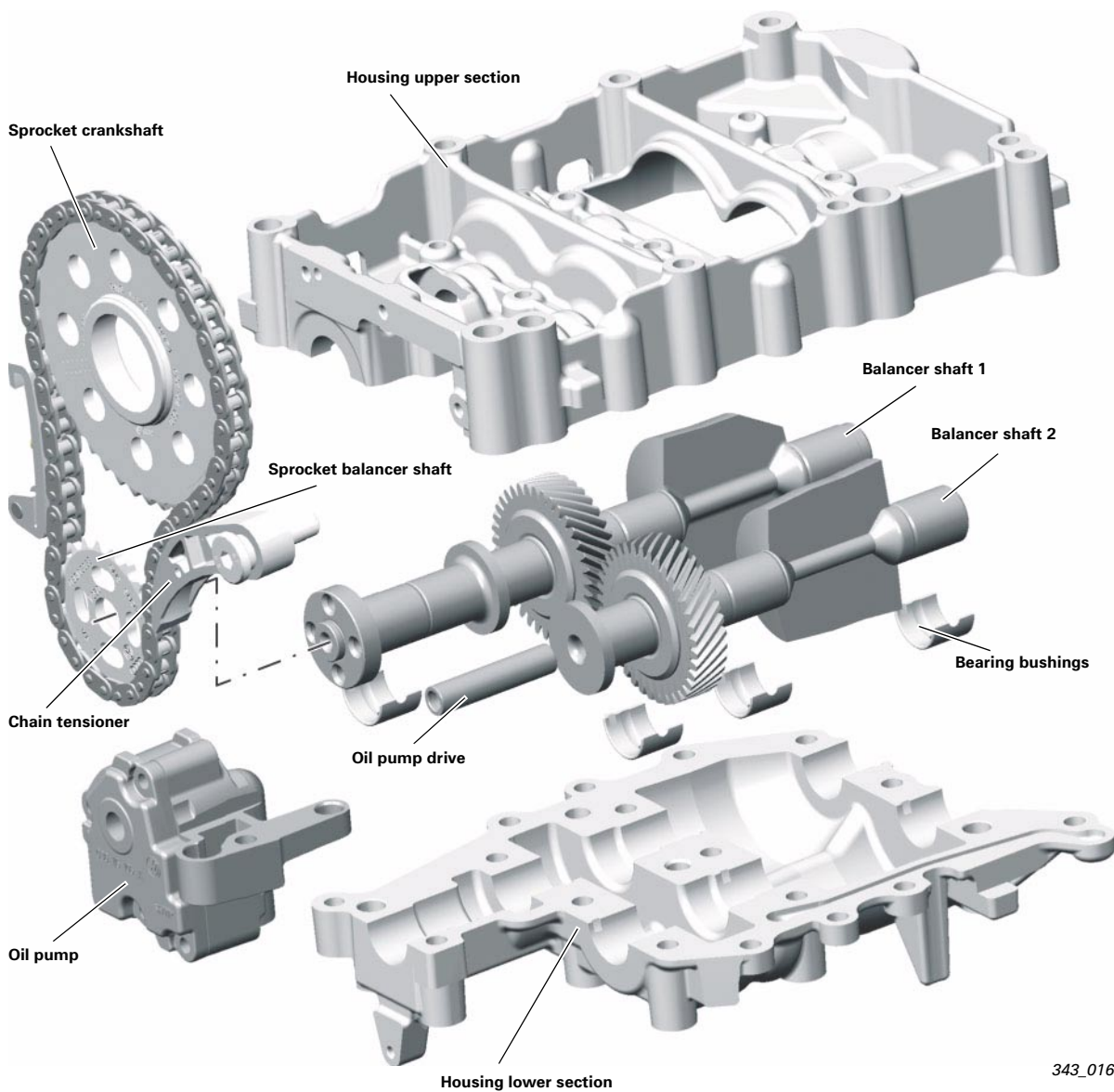
Petrol engines		Power output		Torque	Engine code	Emission category
Engine		kW	bhp	Nm		
	R4 1.6l 2V	75	102	148	ALZ	EU IV
	R4 1.8l 5V Turbo	120	163	225	BFB	EU IV
	R4 2.0l 4V FSI	110	150	200	AWA	EU IV
	R4 2.0l 5V MPI	96	130	195	ALT	EU IV
	R4 2.0l 4V TFSI	147	200	280	BGB	EU IV
	V6 3.0-litre 5V MPI	160	218	300	BBJ	EU IV
	V6 3.2-litre 4V FSI	188	255	330	AUK	EU IV
	V8 4.2-litre 5V MPI	53	344	410	BHF	EU IV

2.0-litre pump injection engine

New features

A balancer shaft module with two counter-rotating shafts provides an effective reduction in second-order engine oscillations.

The module is a built-up module consisting of two housing halves. The balancer shafts rotate in bearing bushes and are driven by the crankshaft at double the crankshaft speed via a sleeve-type chain. The second shaft is driven in the opposite direction to the crankshaft via a pair of gears. This balancer shaft connects to a hexagon bolt at the front end and also drives the oil pump.



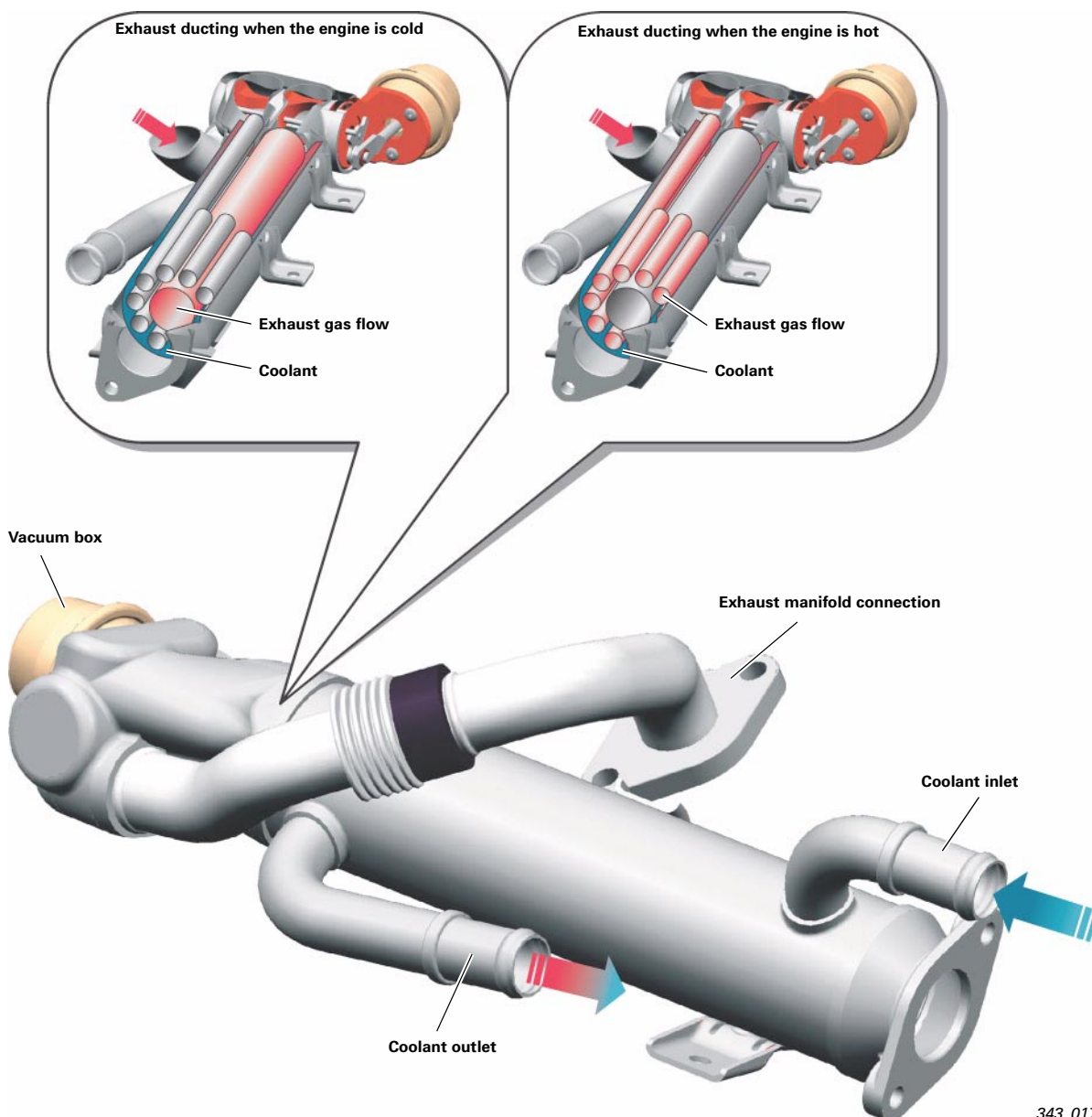
343_016

Exhaust-gas recirculation cooler

A lower combustion temperature is required to reduce nitrogen oxide (NOx) emissions. This was achieved by using a variable, water-cooled exhaust gas recirculation cooler.

The exhaust gas recirculation cooler has a bypass valve, which is opened when the engine is cold. This allows the recycled exhaust gases to bypass the cooler and reach the intake end of the engine uncooled. As a result, the catalytic converter reaches its operating temperature more quickly. The valve is closed when the engine temperature exceeds 35°C, and the exhaust gases flow via the cooler.

The bypass valve is controlled by a solenoid valve via a vacuum box, whereby the valve is closed when the solenoid is de-energised and the exhaust gases flow via the cooler.



Particulate filter in the 3.0-litre V6 common rail engine and in the 2.0-litre pump injection engine

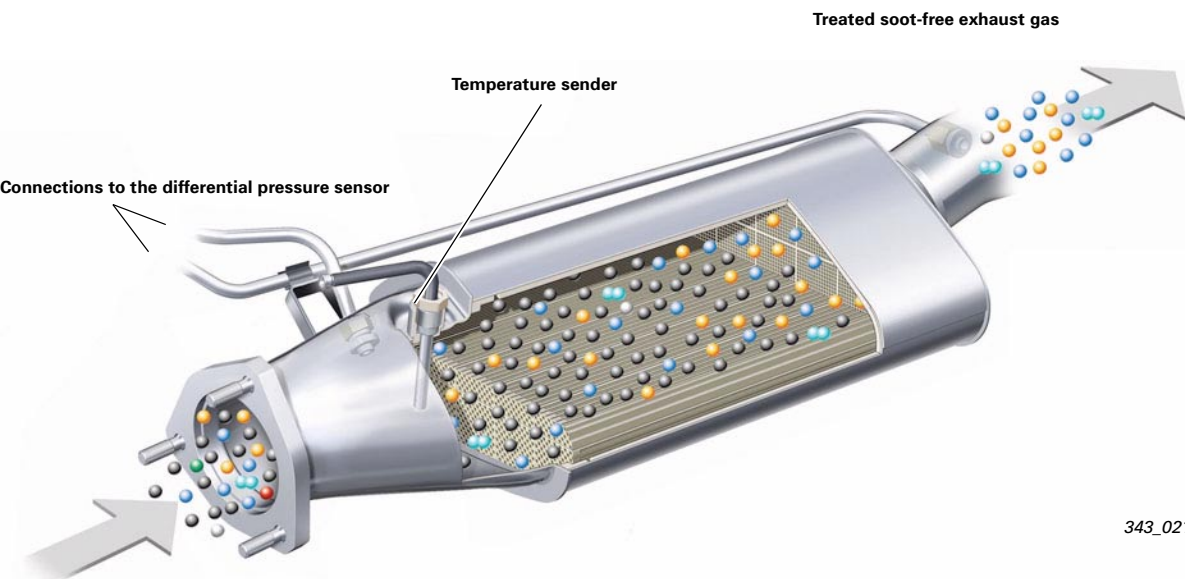
(roll-out planned for 1st quarter 2005)

Audi uses regenerative, additive-free particulate filters.

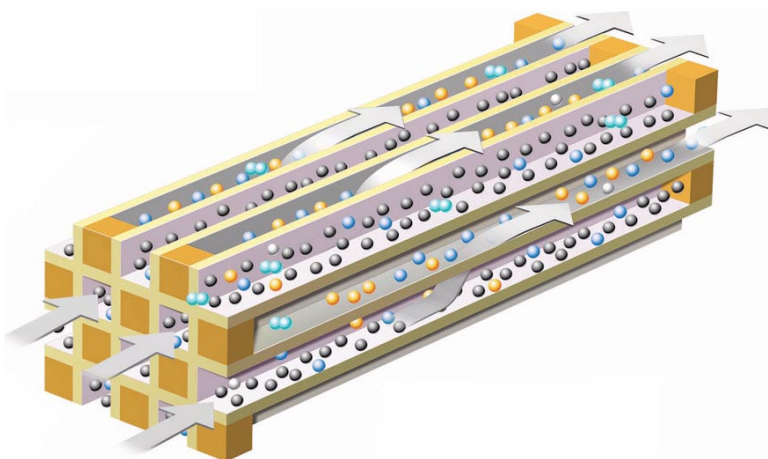
The Catalysed Soot Filter (CSF for short) has filter coatings containing precious metals which act in two ways.

During the passive regeneration process, which takes place when the car is being driven at motorway speeds, temperatures of between 350 and 500 °C are reached. This causes the soot particulates deposited in the particulate filter to be converted into CO².

The process of active regeneration runs in the background and is triggered automatically by temperature-increasing measures.



Pretreated exhaust gas containing soot



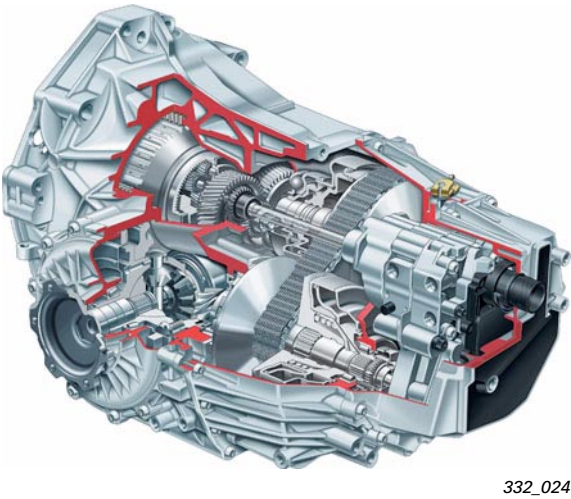
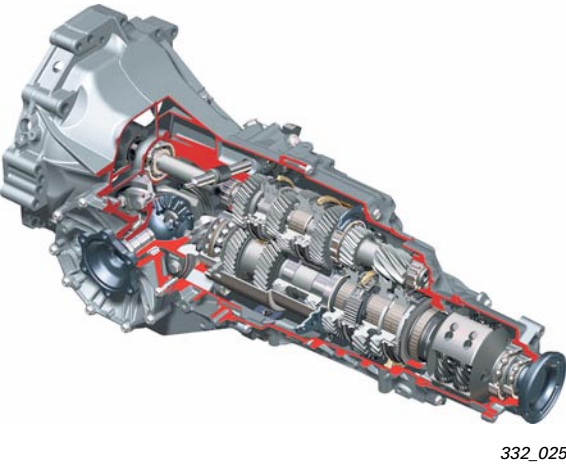
Reference



For information on design and function, refer to Self-Study Programme 325.

Transmission

Installed transmission



The new A4 engine/ transmission variants

		Engine		Transmission				
		Petrol engines	kW	bhp	Manual gearbox		Automatic transmission	
					front	quattro	front	quattro
	R4 1.6l 2V	75	102	ML285-5F				
	R4 2.0l 5V MPI	96	130	ML285-5F		VL300-F		
	R4 1.8l 5V T MPI	120	163	ML285-5F	ML310-6Q	VL300-F		
	R4 2.0l 4V FSI	110	150	ML285-5F		VL300-F		
	R4 2.0l 4V T FSI	147	200	ML310-6F	ML310-6Q	VL300-F	AL420-6Q	
	V6 3.0l 5V MPI	160	218	ML310-6F	ML310-6Q	VL300-F	5HP19Q	
	V6 3.2l 4V FSI	188	255		ML310-6Q	VL300-F	AL420-6Q	
	V8 4.2l 5V MPI	253	344		ML450-6Q		AL420-6Q	
Diesel engines								
	R4 1.9l 2V TDI-PD	85	115	ML285-5F				
	R4 2.0l 2V TDI-PD	103	140	ML310-6F		VL300-F		
	R4 2.0l 4V TDI-PD	103	140	ML310-6F		VL300-F		
	V6 2.5l TDI	120	163	ML350-6F		VL300-F		
	V6 3.0l TDI-CR	150	204	ML450-6Q			AL420-6Q	

The chassis

General

Three chassis variants are available for the Audi A4 '05. In the case of the sports suspension, ride height has been lowered by 20mm compared to the standard suspension system. For the heavy-duty suspension, ride height was raised by 13 mm. Both suspensions use different tuning parts (springs, shock absorbers, anti-roll bars). In the case of the heavy-duty suspension system, additional covers are fitted to the track rod and the trapezoidal link on the rear axle to provide effective stone chip protection.

Front suspension

The proven four-link front suspension is also used in the new Audi A4 '05 (see SSP 161).

The following new developments will be introduced:

Subframe

The geometry of the subframe was modified by lowering the engine position on the 4-cylinder TDI engines.

Anti-roll bars

Geometric modifications were necessary due to the different engine position.

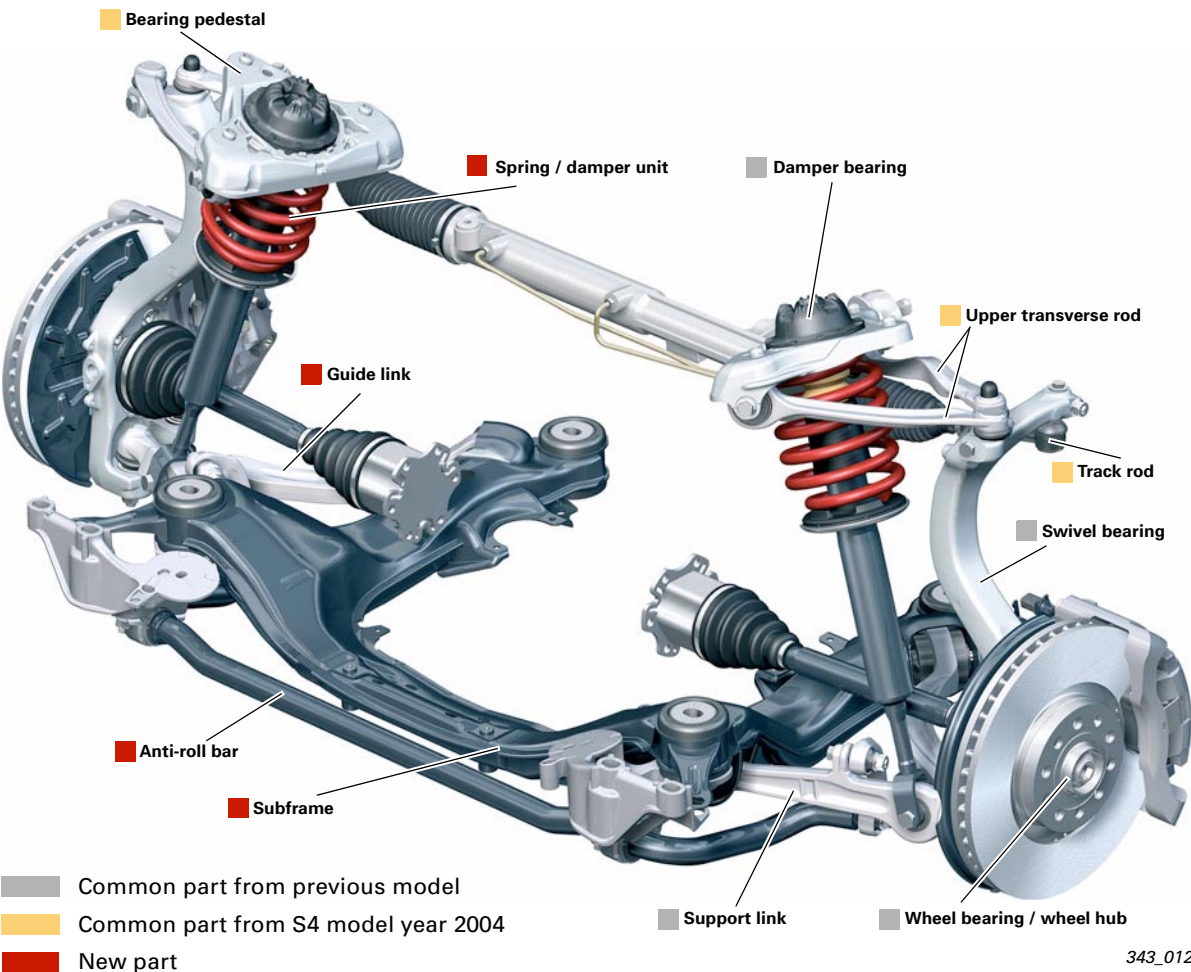
Guide link

The guide link bearing connecting the link and subframe was redesigned.

Drive shafts

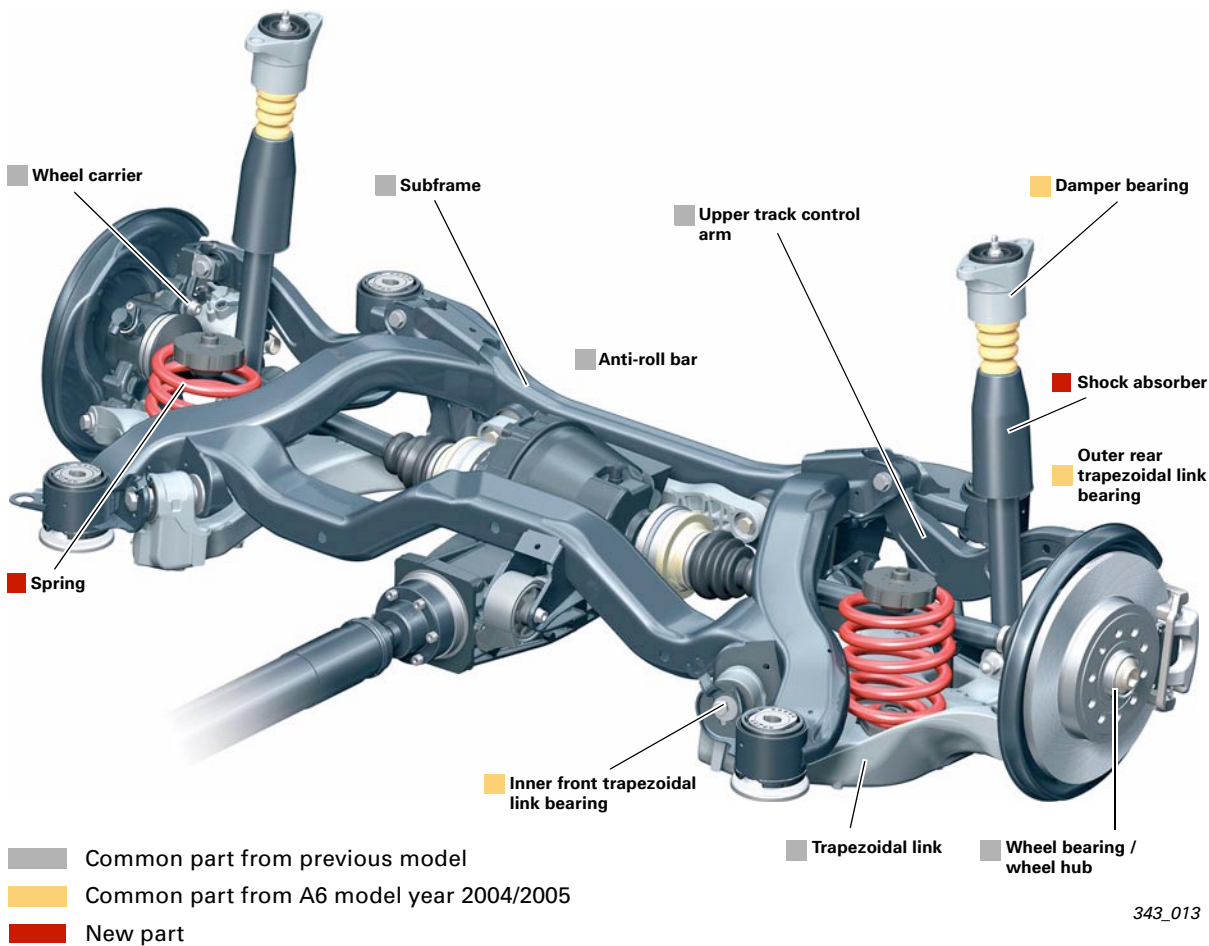
Vehicles with the AL420 gearbox have a newly developed triple roller joint drive shaft with a smaller triple roller joint.

A new special tool T40084 was developed for installing/removing the new triple roller joint.



Rear suspension

The rear suspension is an advancement on the trapezoidal-link suspension familiar from the Audi A4 '04. In particular the bearing set-ups have been modified. Several bearing elements from the Audi A6 '04 are used.



Reference



For information on design and function, refer to Self-Study Programme 161.

Suspension alignment/setting

The alignment and setting procedures, as well as the setting positions on the vehicle, are unchanged from the previous model.

Running gear

Brake system

The A4 '05 models with 120 and 147 kW four-cylinder engines have 16-inch brake systems. The Teves FNRG 60 16-inch frame-design caliper brake is already being used in the A6 and A8. This system was optimised for the A4 and specially adapted for the new vehicle.

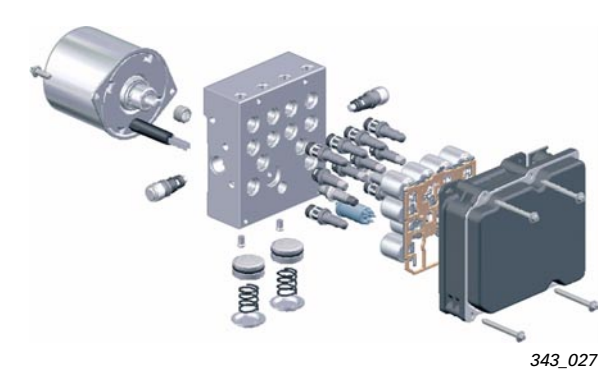
The CII-41 floating caliper brake on the rear axle originates from the S4 '04. The brake was adapted for use in the A4 '05 by reducing the piston diameter to 41mm, and a solid brake disc is used.

The brake control mechanism is unchanged from the previous model.

	Units	Front suspension		Rear suspension	
		Brake disc (Ø x thickness)	Brake caliper	Brake disc (Ø x thickness)	Brake caliper
	1.6-litre 75 kW	280x22 vented	TRW C54	245x10 solid	TRW C38
	Four-cylinder 85 - 103 kW	280x25 vented	ContiTeves FN3-57 15"	245x10 solid	TRW C38
	1.8-litre 120 kW	312x25 vented	ContiTeves FN3-57 15"	245x12 solid	TRW C38
	All six-cylinder 2.0-litre TFSI	320x30 vented	ContiTeves FNRG-60 16"	288x12 solid	TRW CII-41 16"
	4.2-litre V8	345x30 vented	ContiTeves FNRG-60 17"	300x22 vented	TRW CII-43 17"

ESP

As previously in the A6 '04, the new-generation system Bosch 8.0 ESP system is also featured on the A4 '05 (see SSP 324). The fundamental difference in design between the A4 and A6 systems is the use of passive wheel speed sensors.



In addition to the familiar subfunctions, the A4'06 has a new function called Hydraulic Fading Compensation (HFC). By comparing the brake pressures at which ABS system begins to operate, the system can detect brake fading at an early stage. The greater the fading, the higher the brake pressure needed to activate the ABS system.

If fading is detected, ESP raises the overall pressure in the system by building up additional brake pressure. The driver does not need to apply more pressure to the brake pedal, in order to achieve the same braking effect as with fading-free brakes.

The "hill-holder" function implemented for the A6 '05 models with multitronic transmission is not available for the A4 '05 from launch.

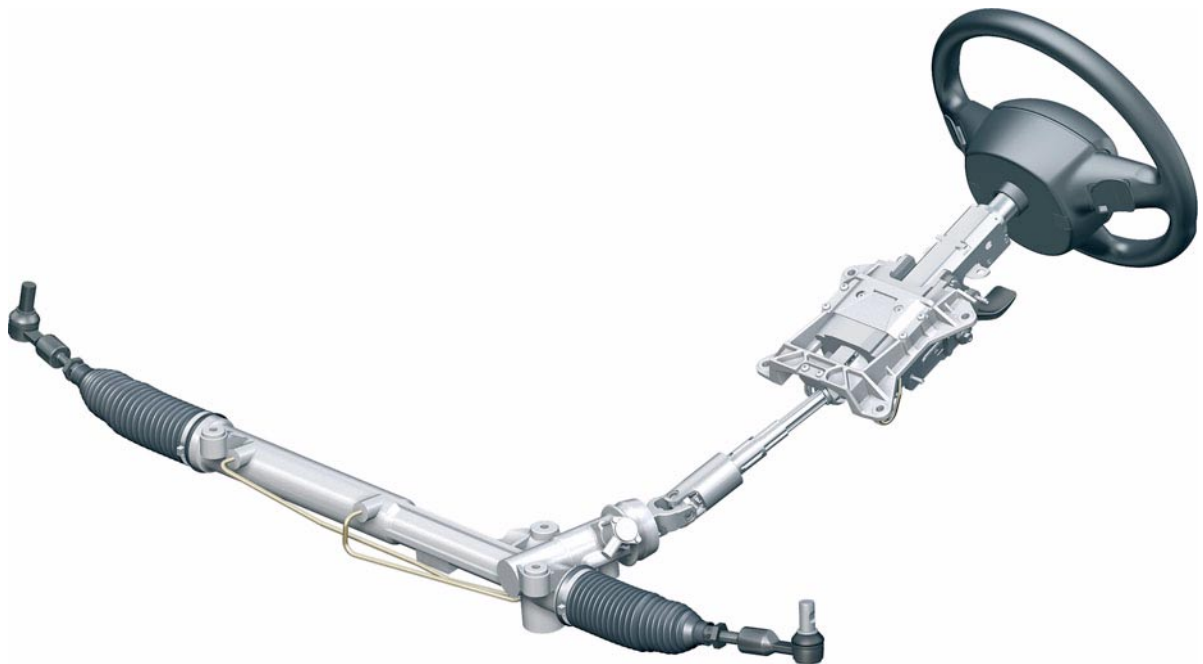
Steering system

A modified hydraulic rack and pinion steering system is used in the A4 '05. In particular, the turn-in precision and the feedback on roll steer effect were optimised compared to the previous model. The steering valve characteristic was adapted to the new axle kinematics. Turn-in was improved through the use of stiffer track rods.

For the first time in this class, the "Servotronic" function is standard for all 6-cylinder vehicles and the 2.0-litre TFSI. "Servotronic" is optional for the other 4-cylinder models with power outputs of 96 kW and higher. The Servotronic II system familiar from the A6 and A8 is used (for information on mode of operation, see SSP 285).

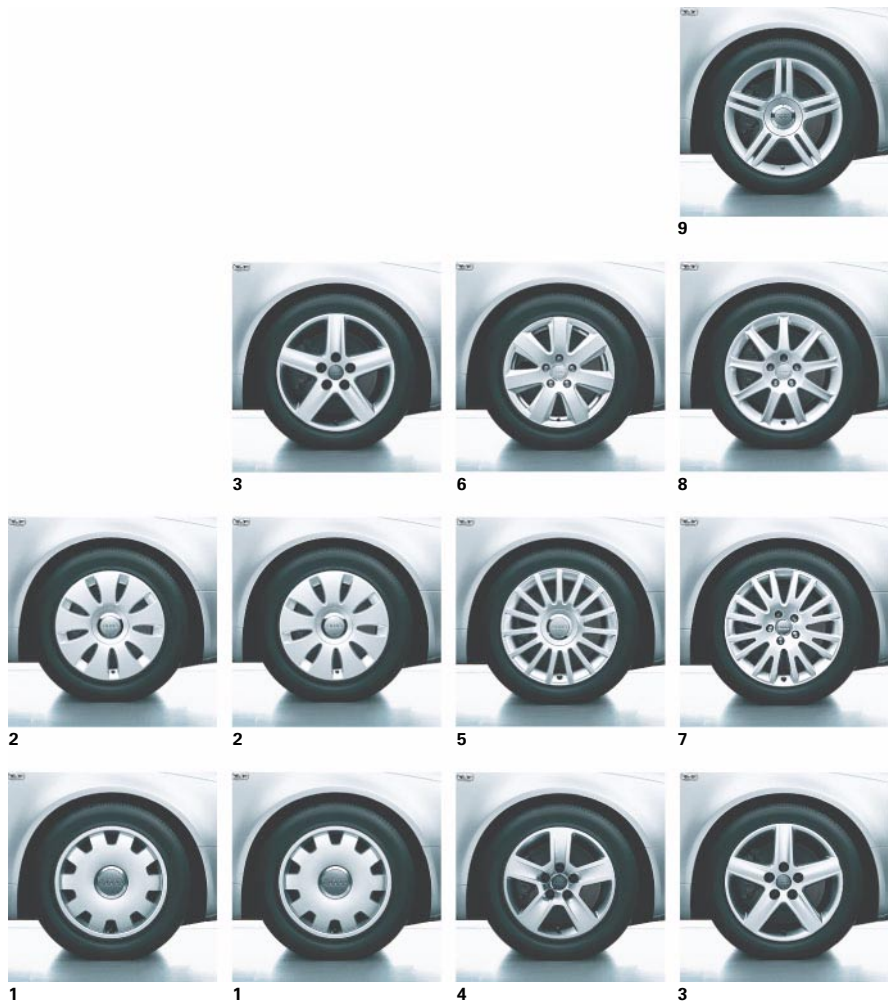
Different characteristic curves for steering wheel torque and pressure as a function of vehicle speed are implemented in the steering system. The systems on the S4 '05 and A4 '05 have different characteristic curves. The Servotronic solenoid valve is now connected directly to the solenoid valve. The second connector in the wheel housing was retained for installation reasons.

The steering column was adopted from the previous model, and the steering wheels from the A3 '04 are used.



343_029

Wheels and tyres



343_023

	Basic wheels	Winter wheels	Optional wheels	
	For 1.6-litre and 1.9-litre TDI versions: Steel wheel with full sized wheel trim 7Jx16 (1) with 205/55R16 tyres	Steel wheel 7Jx16 (1) with 205/55R16 tyres	Cast aluminium wheel 7Jx16 (4) with 205/55R tyres; 2.0T and 6-cylinder with 215/55R16 tyres	Cast aluminium wheel 7.5Jx16 (3) with 235/45R17 tyres;
	2.0-litre engines and larger: *Cast aluminium wheel 7Jx16 (2) with 205/55R tyres; 2.0T and 6-cylinder with 215/55R16 tyres	Cast aluminium wheel 7Jx16 (2) with 205/55R16 tyres	*Cast aluminium wheel 7Jx16 (5) with 205/55R tyres; 2.0T and 6-cylinder with 215/55R16 tyres	Cast aluminium wheel 7.5Jx17 (7) with 235/45R17 tyres
		Cast aluminium wheel 7.5Jx17 (3) with 235/45R17 tyres;	Lightweight forged aluminium wheel 7.5Jx16 (6) with 215/55R16 tyres	Cast aluminium wheel 7.5Jx17 (8) with 235/45R17 tyres
				*Cast aluminium wheel 7.5Jx17 (9) with 235/45R17 tyres

* new wheels

The A4 '05 is equipped as standard with "Tire Mobility System". As an option, the customer can choose between a spare wheel fitted with a ready-for-road tyre or a temporary spare wheel.

The PAX run-flat system with one all-season wheel is a new option for the A4 '05 (design and function see SSP 285).



343_036

Tyre pressure monitoring system

The tyre pressure monitoring system was adopted from the previous model. The system is now operated using the 'Reset' key and the rocker switch on the windscreen wiper stalk (see operating instructions).

The heating / air conditioning system

New features of the air conditioning system in the Audi A4

General

The air conditioning concept familiar from the Audi A4 '01 was largely adopted into the Audi A4 '05. However, the software has been expanded to allow the air-conditioning parameters to be adapted to suit the individual preferences of the vehicle occupants. As a result, several functions can now be adjusted more finely. All adjustments can be made in the service workshop using the VAG diagnostic tester VAS 5051/5052. Air outlet temperatures, for example, can be increased or decreased slightly to perceived temperatures comfortable to the vehicle occupants. Partial air flows can also be directed to various outlets.

Reference



For general information about the design and function of the air conditioning system in the Audi A4 '05, please refer to Self-Study Programme 254, Audi A4 '01 - Technology.



343_030

Adaption

The so-called physiological adaption of the air conditioning system in the new Audi A4 '05 is performed using the additional adaption channels. Incidentally, 'physiology' is a medical term describing how stimuli are perceived by the cardiovascular system and how humans feel.

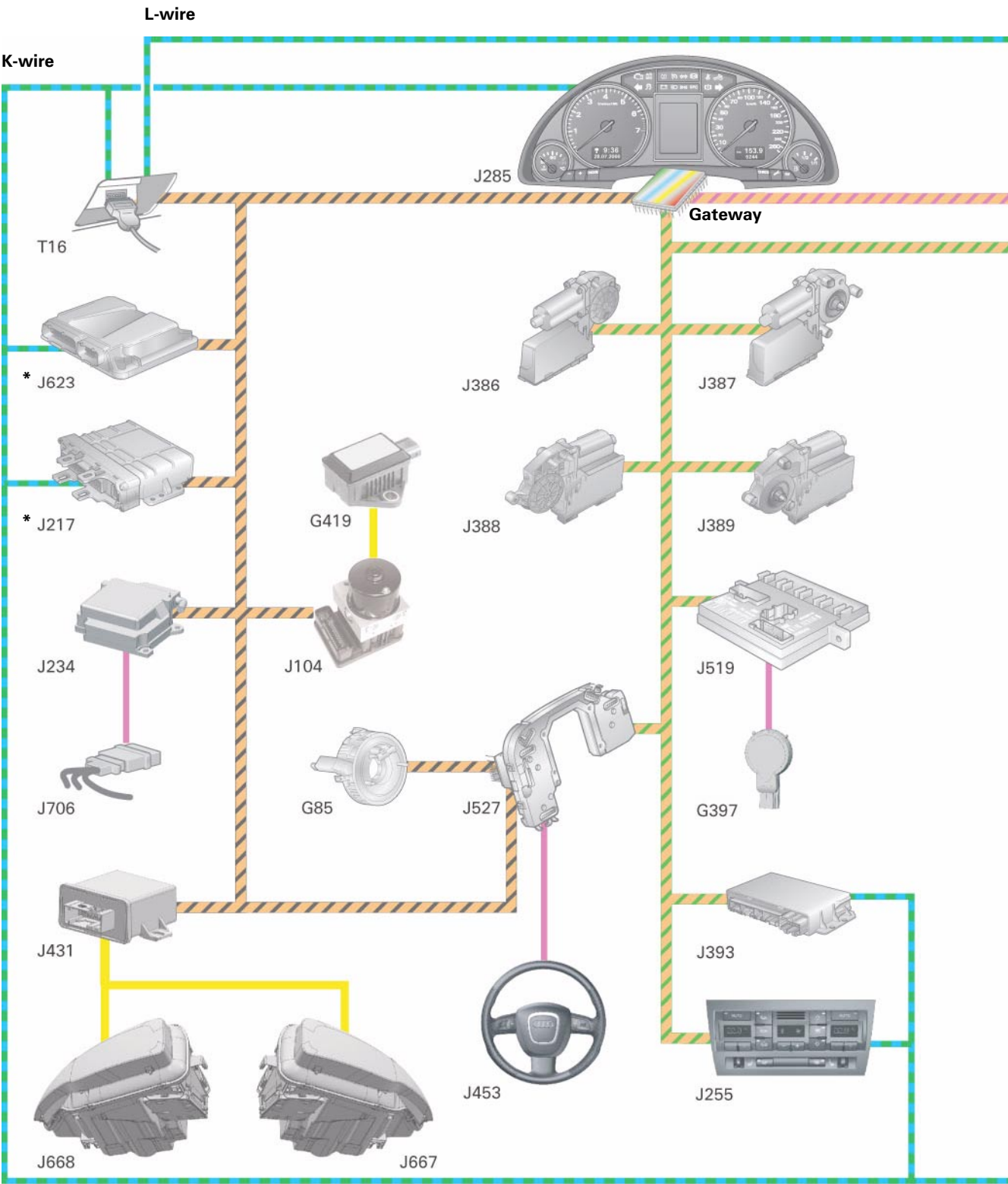
Adaption "1" on channel 10 directs a minimum air flow to the windscreen inner surface via the defroster vent. This prevents fogging of the windscreen. Such adjustments can also be made for the footwell outlets. The adaption function also allows nominal out-flow temperature and fresh air blower speed to be adjusted more finely, and provides extended air recirculation independent of the signal from the air quality sensor G263.

Overview of the adaption channels

Adaption channel		Description
	01	Offset added to the desired temperature at the start of overheating.
	02	Offset which remains added to the nominal temperature after the end of the overheating phase.
	03	Bidirectional engine control unit interface: Adaption "1" means that compressor shut-off/reduction signals from the engine control unit are ignored.
	04	Engine compressor speed ratio
	06	"0" Decision on auxiliary heating/auxiliary ventilation is made by the air conditioning system "1" Previously selected operating mode is activated independently of the air conditioning system
	07	"0" After terminal 15 OFF, the auxiliary heating / auxiliary ventilation function runs until the timer expires "1" Auxiliary heating/auxiliary ventilation mode is also deactivated at terminal 15 OFF
	08	Adjustment of fresh air blower output reduction during a telephone conversation
	09	Adjustment of undervoltage shut-off for the auxiliary ventilation function
	10	Minimum air flow rate to defroster vent "0" Yes "1" No
	11	Nominal out-flow temperature "0" Mixed air characteristic, depending on country code "1" Adaption for "Rest of World", warmer "2" Adaption for "Rest of World" "3" USA / Japan "4" Cooler than USA / Japan
	12	Fresh air blower "0" Fresh air blower characteristic is set automatically via the country code "1" Less air in relation to fresh air blower characteristic via country code "2" Fresh air blower characteristic is set automatically via country code "3" More air in relation to fresh air blower characteristic via country code
	13	Transient response during heater operation "0" Default setting "1" Cooler, Scandinavia
	14	Physiological adaption "0" Default setting "1" Warmer "2" Default setting "3" Cooler
	15	Recirculated air / fresh air handling "0" Default setting (familiar recirculated-air handling setting) "1" New recirculated air handling setting (extended air recirculation) "2" Default setting (familiar recirculated-air handling setting)
	16	Minimum air flow to footwell during air conditioner operation "0" No "1" Yes

The convenience electronics

Bus topology











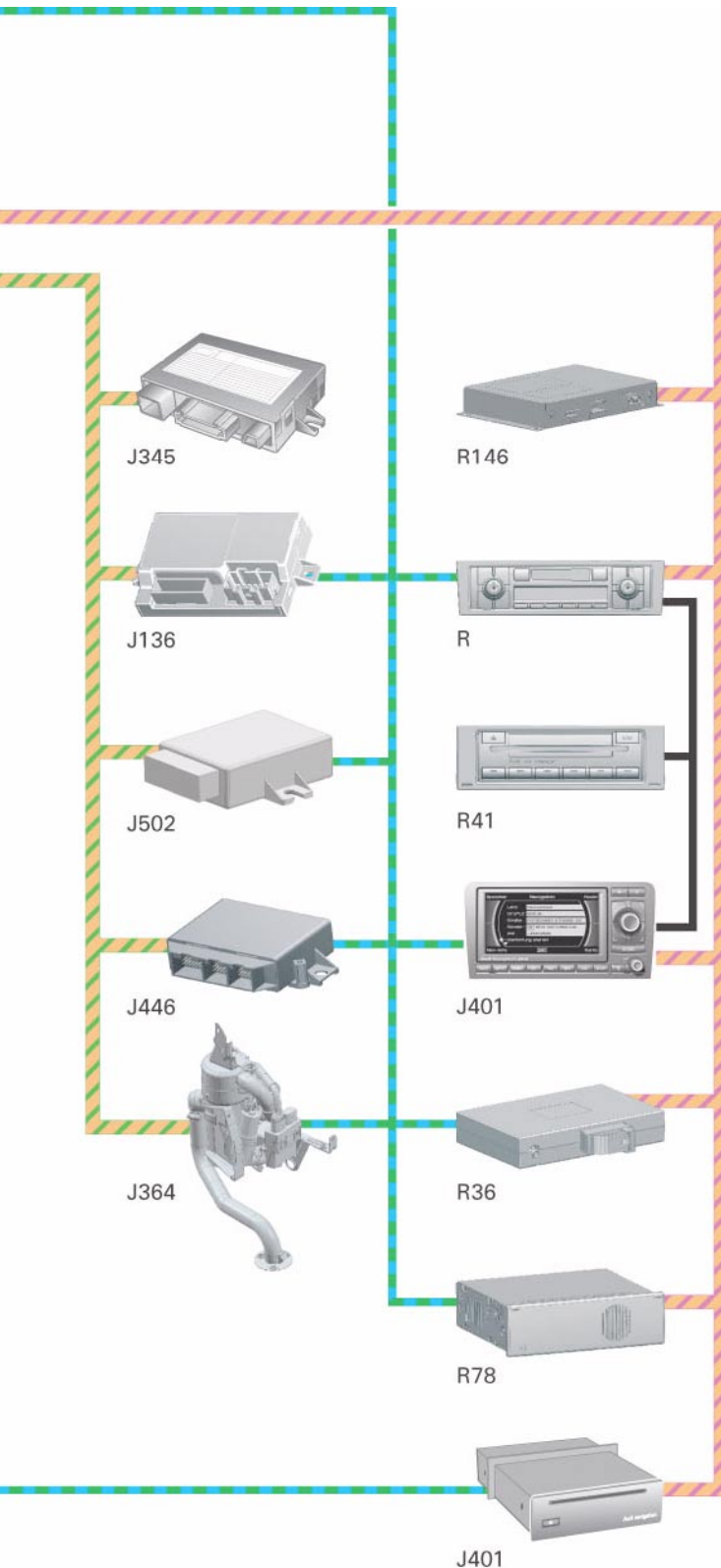
* The K-wire is not available in all engine and gearbox control units. New engine and transmission units coming onto the market can only be diagnosed via CAN bus.

The bus topology - as with the complete electrical system - is heavily based on the Audi A4 '01. As before, the gateway is integrated in dash panel insert J285. To diagnose on the driveline CAN bus the control units adopted from the Audi A3 and Audi A6, the driveline CAN bus is connected directly to the diagnosis plug. The control units on the convenience CAN bus and on the infotainment CAN bus are also diagnosed via the K and L wires (see also chapter "Diagnosis", page 10).

Legend

- G85 Steering angle sender
- G397 Rain and light detector sensor
- G419 ESP sensor unit
- J104 ABS with EDL control unit
- J136 Seat and steering column adjustment control unit with memory
- J217 Automatic gearbox control unit
- J234 Airbag control unit
- J255 Climatronic control unit
- J285 Control unit with display in dash panel insert
- J345 Trailer detection control unit
- J364 Additional heater control unit
- J386 Driver door control unit
- J387 Front passenger door control unit
- J388 Rear left door control unit
- J389 Rear right door control unit
- J393 Convenience system central control unit
- J401 Operating electronics control unit, navigation
- J431 Headlight range control, control unit
- J446 Parking aid control unit
- J453 Multi-function steering wheel control unit
- J502 Control unit for tyre pressure monitoring
- J519 onboard power supply control unit
- J527 Steering column electronics control unit
- J623 Engine control unit
- J667 Power output module for left headlight
- J668 Power output module for right headlight
- J706 Seat occupied recognition control unit
- R Radio
- R36 Telephone transmitter and receiver unit
- R41 CD changer
- R78 TV tuner
- R146 Satellite radio (SDARS)

-  Driveline CAN bus:500 kBaud
-  Convenience CAN bus:100 kBaud
-  Infotainment CAN bus:100 kBaud
-  LIN
-  K-wire
-  L-wire
-  Panasonic bus
-  Various subbus systems



343_001

Control unit with display in dash panel insert J285



343_002

Basic functions

The dash panel insert in the Audi A4 '05 is based on the dash panel insert from the Audi A4 '01. The basic functions of the dash panel insert are unchanged. The innovations were necessary due to the adoption of components and units from the Audi A6 '05 and Audi A3 '04.

The dash panel insert also incorporates:

- the dash panel insert
- a gateway for linking the three data buses - driveline CAN bus, convenience CAN bus and infotainment CAN bus
- the immobiliser

Driver information system

The driver information system basically corresponds to the system used in the A3 Sportback.

A fuel tank symbol has been added for displaying the vehicle range.

The symbol is for differentiation purposes, since the function "Distance" has also been added to the previous displays.

Range



343_031

Distance



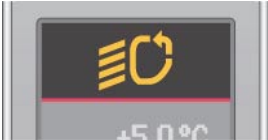
343_032

Diesel particulate filter warning



343_033

Audi adaptive light faulty:
The vehicle is equipped with the optional adaptive light and a fault is present in the headlight range control, control unit J431 (see SSP 326 page 34).



343_034

In the case of multistep automatic transmissions, the currently selected gear is displayed in addition to the D or S symbol in Tiptronic mode



343_035

Engine-specific differences

Depending on what engine is fitted in the vehicle, there are differences between detail functions in the dash panel insert. A distinction is made between engines previously available in the Audi A4 '01 and engines introduced since the Audi A3 '04 or the Audi A6 '05.

	"old engines"	"new engines"
Engine	1.6l 75kW (102 bhp) 2.0l 96 kW (130 bhp) 2.0l FSI 110 kW (150 bhp) 1.8l T 120kW (163 bhp) 3.0l 160kW (220 bhp) 1.9l TDI 85kW (115 bhp) 2.5l TDI 120kW (163 bhp)	2.0l T, 147kW (200 bhp) 3.2l FSI 188 kW (255 bhp) 4.2l 253 kW (344 bhp) 2.0l TDI 103 kW (140 bhp) 3.0l TDI 150kW (204 bhp)
Extended service intervals	Generation 2: The computation software is integrated in the dash panel insert	Generation 3: The computation software is integrated in the engine control unit
	In both cases, the oil level/oil temperature sender G266 is connected to the dash panel insert. Depending on service interval extension, the data is used differently in data blocks 6 and 7. For a detailed description, refer to the description of the Guided Fault Finding function.	
Coolant temperature	Two coolant temperature senders are fitted: The coolant temperature is measured by the coolant temperature sender G62 and transferred to the engine control unit. From here, the value is sent via CAN to the air conditioner control unit. The coolant temperature sender G2 is connected to the dash panel insert. The value is used by the display in the dash panel insert and for computing the high-temperature warning, and is also sent from here via CAN to the air conditioner control unit.	Only one coolant temperature sender is fitted: The coolant temperature is measured by the coolant temperature sender G62 and transferred to the engine control unit. From here, the value is sent via CAN to the dash panel insert and the air conditioner control unit. All high-temperature warnings are sent likewise from the engine control unit via CAN to the dash panel insert or air conditioner control unit

New features of the convenience electronics

Auto Lock

The Auto Lock function locks all doors and the boot lid when the vehicle exceeds a speed of approximately 15 kph. Removing the ignition key unlocks the vehicle automatically.

The vehicle can also be unlocked by the driver if the 'Open' function on the central locking switch (1) or if one of the door opening levers (2) is operated.



343_005

Safety central locking

The safety central locking system offers the possibility to unlock only the driver's door and the fuel filler flap. The vehicle otherwise remains locked. This is done by turning the key once in the 'Open' direction or by pressing the 'Open' button on the radio-operated remote control.

If all doors, the boot lid and the fuel filler flap are to be unlocked, this is done by turning the key twice within 5 seconds in the 'Open' direction or by pressing the 'Open' button on the radio-operated remote control twice within 5 seconds.



326_138

The "Auto Lock" and "safety central locking" functions can be activated and deactivated in the convenience system central control unit J393 using the diagnostic tester VAS 5051 (under menu item "Code control unit").

Guided Fault Finding	Audi	V07.59.00 28/07/2004
Function/component selection	Audi A4 2001>	
	2005 (5)	
	Saloon	
	AUK 3.21 Motronic / 184 kW	
Select function or component		
I Body (Rep. Gr. 01; 50 - 97)		
General Body Repairs (Rep. Gr. 01; 50 - 77)		
01 - Systems with self-diagnostic capability		
46 - Convenience system central module (Rep. Gr. 57)		
Functions - convenience system central module (Rep. Gr. 57)		
I Transport mode		
+ J393 - Interrogate control unit version		
+ J393 - Final control diagnosis		
+ J393 - Code control unit		
+ J393 - Replace control unit		
+ J393 - Read data block, general		
+ J393 - Adapt remote control key using Adaption function (channel)		
* J393 - Adaption - Erase remote control key memory space		
+ J393 - Adaption - Control unit variant (channel 61)		

343_006

Self-study programmes on the Audi A4 '05



343_041

SSP 161 The Audi A8

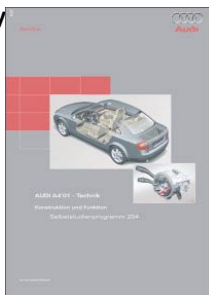
- The suspension

Order number: 440.2809.79.20

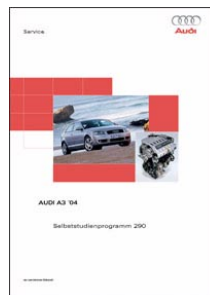
SSP 254 Audi A4 '01 - Technology

- The dash panel insert
- The chassis
- Heating and air conditioning

Order number: 040.2810.73.20



343_042

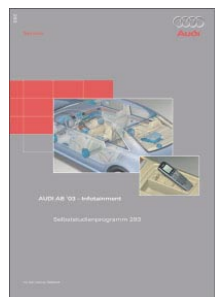


332_085

SSP 290 Audi A3 '04

- Introduction
- The body
- The engine
- The transmission
- The chassis
- The electrical system
- Heating/air conditioning
- Service

Order number: A03.5S00.01.20



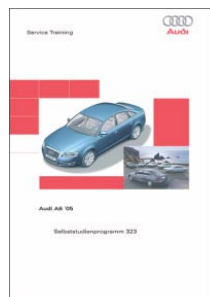
343_037

SSP 293

Audi A8 '03 - Infotainment

- Infotainment
- The sound system
- The radio module
- Navigation

Order number: 000.2811.13.20

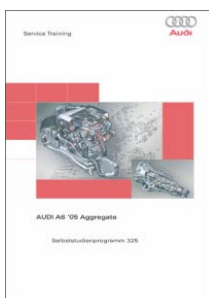


343_043

SSP 323 Audi A6 '05

- Occupant protection

Order number: A04.5S00.06.20

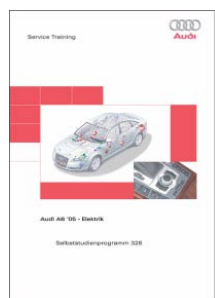


343_038

SSP 325 Audi A6 '05 Units

- The engine
- The transmission

Order number: A04.5S00.08.20

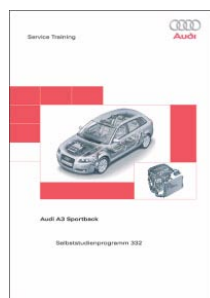


343_039

SSP 326 Audi A6 '05 Electrical system

- Convenience electrics
- Infotainment

Order number: A04.5S00.09.20



343_040

SSP 332 Audi A3 Sportback

- The body
- Occupant protection
- The engine
- The chassis
- Convenience electronics
- Infotainment

Order number: A04.5S00.11.20

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Copyright
AUDI AG
I/VK-35
Service.training@audi.de
Fax +49-841/89-36367

AUDI AG
D-85045 Ingolstadt
Technical status: 05/04

Printed in Germany
A04.5S00.12.20